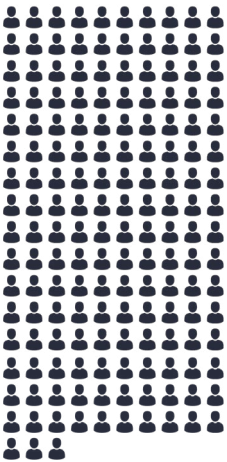


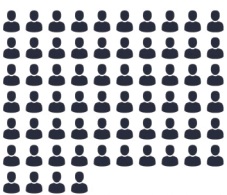
MISSOURI

STATE LEGISLATIVE DISTRICTS

163
HOUSE
SEATS



34
SENATE
SEATS



WHO DRAWS THE DISTRICTS?

HOUSE POLITICAL APPOINTEE COMMISSION *and*
SENATE POLITICAL APPOINTEE COMMISSION *or*
JUDICIAL COMMISSION

For House districts, political appointee commission

- Sixteen members: each major party nominates two members per congressional district; governor chooses one of the nominees per party per congressional district
- No more than one commissioner from each state legislative district may be nominated by each party
- If the parties fail to nominate members, the governor selects members from the party from the unrepresented district

For Senate districts, political appointee commission

- Ten members: each major party nominates 10 members; governor chooses five of the nominees from each party
- If the parties fail to nominate members, the governor selects members from the party

Backup judicial commission

- Six members: appointed from among the judges of the appellate courts of the state by the state Supreme Court

HOW ARE DISTRICTS DRAWN?

Process

- Non-partisan state demographer draws the lines
- Commission may only make changes to the plan with 70 percent approval, otherwise plan becomes final
- Governor cannot veto the plan
- If a commission fails to file a plan, the state Supreme Court selects a judicial commission, which adopts plan by a simple majority

State-Level Criteria

Ranked: Yes

- Can't draw districts with the intent or effect of harming the ability of racial or language minorities to participate in the political process or electing representatives of choice
- Partisan fairness
- Competitiveness
- Minimize the difference between the two majority parties' total wasted votes as much as possible
- Contiguity
- Follow political boundaries
- Compactness

Public Hearings

- At least three public hearings



Timing

- Non-partisan state demographer must file a tentative plan with secretary of state and political appointee commissions no later than six months after the decennial census is reported
- Political appointee commissions must adopt a plan no later than two months after receiving the tentative plan
- If political appointee commissions do not adopt a plan by the deadline, the tentative plan becomes final

CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS



through 2020.
Projected after
reapportionment: No
change

WHO DRAWS THE DISTRICTS?

STATE LEGISLATURE

HOW ARE DISTRICTS DRAWN?

Process

- State Legislature draws the lines
- Governor can veto the plan

State-Level Criteria

- Compactness
- Contiguity
- As nearly equal in population as possible

Timing

- No deadline

[Click here](#) for a version with citations