South Carolina General Assembly

122nd Session, 2017-2018

S. 341

STATUS INFORMATION

Joint Resolution Sponsors: Senators Setzler, McLeod and Fanning Document Path: 1:\s-res\ngs\006reap.kmm.ngs.docx

Introduced in the Senate on February 1, 2017 Currently residing in the Senate Committee on **Judiciary**

Summary: Amendment to the Constitution of S.C.

HISTORY OF LEGISLATIVE ACTIONS

DateBodyAction Description with journal page number2/1/2017SenateIntroduced and read first time (Senate Journal-page 17)2/1/2017SenateReferred to Committee on Judiciary (Senate Journal-page 17)

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VERSIONS OF THIS BILL

2/1/2017

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 A JOINT RESOLUTION 9 10 11 PROPOSE AN AMENDMENT TO THE SOUTH TO CAROLINA CONSTITUTION. 1895. BY ADDING ARTICLE 12 13 XVIII. TO PROVIDE FOR AN **INDEPENDENT** 14 REAPPORTIONMENT COMMISSION, TO PROVIDE FOR THE MEMBERSHIP OF THE COMMISSION AND THE 15 16 MANNER IN WHICH MEMBERS OF THE COMMISSION ARE CHOSEN, TO PROVIDE FOR THE DUTIES OF THE 17 18 COMMISSION, TO PROVIDE FOR THE APPROVAL OF 19 PROPOSED APPORTIONMENT PLANS, TO PROVIDE FOR 20 APPORTIONMENT IN THE EVENT THAT A PROPOSED 21 APPORTIONMENT PLAN IS NOT APPROVED BY 22 REFERENDUM. AND TO EXEMPT THE PROVISIONS OF THIS ARTICLE FROM THE PROVISIONS CONTAINED IN 23 24 ARTICLE III, SECTION 1 OF THE SOUTH CAROLINA 25 CONSTITUTION. 26 27 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of South 28 Carolina: 29 30 SECTION 1. It is proposed that the Constitution of this State be 31 amended by adding a new Article to read: 32 33 "Article XVIII 34 Independent Reapportionment Commission 35 Section 1. Whenever there is reason to reapportion districts for 36 the Senate, House of Representatives, or United States House of 37 38 Representatives because of a new federal census or because of a decision of a court of competent jurisdiction, an Independent 39 40 Reapportionment Commission shall be formed. The Commission shall be composed of nine members selected by a three member 41 42 Applicant Review Panel appointed by the State Inspector General.

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2 Section 2. Within ninety days after the Commission has been 3 organized or the necessary census data are available, whichever is 4 later, the Commission shall file with the State Election 5 Commission its proposed plan for apportioning Senate, House of 6 Representatives, and United States House of Representatives 7 districts. All deliberations of the Commission shall be open to the 8 public.

9 The proposed apportionment plan shall be filed with the State Election Commission and shall be submitted to the voters in a 10 statewide referendum to be held on the second Tuesday of 11 November in the year in which the Commission is organized. If the 12 apportionment plan is approved by a majority of the qualified 13 electors casting ballots, it shall be automatically codified in the 14 Code of Laws of South Carolina, 1976, and district boundaries 15 16 shall be adjusted accordingly. The districts as codified following the referendum shall be the districts until such time as 17 reapportionment is again required. 18

If the apportionment plan is not approved by a majority of the 19 20 qualified electors casting ballots, the State Election Commission shall certify to the Supreme Court that the referendum failed to 21 22 receive the requisite number of votes. The Supreme Court shall 23 then issue an order appointing a three person tribunal of Special 24 Apportionment Masters who shall devise a reapportionment plan 25 in accordance with the apportionment criteria contained in 26 SECTION 4 of this Article. The Special Apportionment Masters' plan shall then be automatically codified in the Code of Laws of 27 South Carolina, 1976, and district boundaries shall be adjusted 28 accordingly. The districts so codified shall be the districts until 29 30 such time as reapportionment is again required.

31 The Commission shall dissolve upon the approval of the 32 apportionment plan by referendum or upon the appointment of the 33 tribunal of Special Apportionment Masters, as appropriate. The 34 tribunal of Special Apportionment Masters, if convened, shall 35 dissolve upon the release of its apportionment plan.

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37 Section 3. Members of the Commission and the Applicant
38 Review Panel shall be free of conflicts of interest and members of
39 the Commission shall possess relevant analytical skills, the ability
40 to be impartial, and an appreciation for South Carolina's diverse
41 demographics and geography.

42 A conflict of interest exists when, during the past ten years, a 43 person, or a member of his immediate family, has been appointed

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1 to, elected, or been a candidate for elected office; served as an 2 officer, employee, or paid consultant to a political party or the 3 campaign committee of a candidate for elected office; served as an 4 elected or appointed member of a political party; registered as a 5 lobbyist on the federal, state, or local level; has been employed as 6 legislative staff on the federal or state level; or contributed two 7 thousand dollars or more to any congressional, state, or local 8 candidate for office during any one year.

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10 Section 4. Apportionment plans for the Senate, House of
11 Representatives, and United States House of Representatives
12 districts shall comply with the United States Constitution and the
13 federal Voting Rights Act, 42 U.S.C. 1971, et. seq.

14 Apportionment plans shall be comprised of districts that are 15 geographically contiguous and, to the greatest extent possible, 16 geographically compact, while maintaining and respecting the geographic integrity of any city, county, city and county, 17 18 neighborhood, or community of interest. Communities of interest 19 shall not include relationships with political parties, incumbents, or 20 political candidates. The place of residence of any incumbent or 21 political candidate shall not be considered in the apportionment of 22 districts, nor shall districts be apportioned for the purpose of favoring or discriminating against an incumbent, political 23 24 candidate, or political party.

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26 Section 5. No later than August 1st of each year when the United 27 States Census is being conducted, or as soon as practicable 28 following a decision of a court of competent jurisdiction 29 mandating reapportionment, the Inspector General shall convene 30 an Applicant Review Panel composed of three people. The 31 Applicant Review Panel shall screen individuals applying to serve 32 on the Independent Reapportionment Commission. The Applicant 33 Review Panel shall then select nine qualified applicants for the Commission. All deliberations of the Applicant Review Panel shall 34 35 be open to the public. The Applicant Review Panel shall complete 36 its work on or before December 31st of the year in which it is 37 formed, at which time it will dissolve.

38 The Inspector General shall prepare an application for interested

39 individuals and establish a fair, open procedure for submitting

40 applications for consideration.

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42 Section 6. No person who serves on an Applicant Review Panel 43 or an Independent Reapportionment Commission may hold elected

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office in this State for a period of five years after his service has 1 2 been completed. 3 4 Section 7. The provisions contained in this Article are not subject 5 to the provisions contained in Article III, Section 1 of the South Carolina Constitution, related to the legislative power of this 6 7 State." 8 9 SECTION 2. The proposed amendments in SECTION 1 must be submitted to the qualified electors at the next general election for 10 11 representatives. Ballots must be provided at the various voting precincts with the following words printed or written on the ballot: 12 13 14 "Shall the 1895 South Carolina Constitution be amended by adding Article XVIII, to provide that apportionment of the South 15 16 Carolina Senate, South Carolina House of Representatives, and 17 United States House of Representatives districts shall be conducted 18 by a nine member Independent Reapportionment Commission 19 selected by an Applicant Review Panel appointed by the State 20 General, Inspector to provide that the Commission's apportionment plan shall be approved by referendum, to provide 21 22 that if the apportionment plan is not approved by referendum, then 23 a special tribunal shall be appointed by the Supreme Court to 24 prepare an apportionment plan, and to provide parameters for all 25 apportionment plans? 26 27 28 Yes 29 30 No 🗆 31 32 Those voting in favor of the question shall deposit a ballot with 33 a check or cross mark in the square after the word 'Yes', and those voting against the question shall deposit a ballot with a check or 34 35 cross mark in the square after the word 'No'." 36 -----XX-----37

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