

Election Security Bills – Passed One House

AR	SB 524	Require post-election audits	Enacted
CA	AB 1044	Authorize SOS to require data security training as a condition of receiving voter registration information	Passed both houses
DE	SB 121	Paper ballot is the legal ballot of record; enhance pre-election voting machine inspection requirements; require post-election audits	Passed both houses
FL	SB 7066	Require SOS to promulgate security standards addressing chain of custody of ballots, transport of ballots, and ballot security	Enacted
GA	HB 316	Require voting machines to produce a paper record and authorize risk-limiting audit pilot program ⁱ	Enacted
	HB 392	Require SOS to establish security protocols to protect voter registration information	Enacted
IN	SB 405	Authorize risk-limiting audit pilot program	Enacted
	SB 558	Require computerized voter registration list to employ two-factor authentication; require vendors to disclose foreign ownership	Enacted
	SB 560	Require cyber- and physical-security training for county election officials	Enacted
	SB 570	Prohibit acquisition of electronic voting machines without a verifiable paper trail after 12/31/19 and use after 12/21/2029; impose new security measures for e-pollbooks; additional measures	Enacted
IA	HF 692	Broaden types of elections security protocols SOS must establish	Enacted
MD	SB 743	Require vendors to disclose foreign ownership	Enacted
NV	SB 123	Establish cybersecurity training requirement for local elections officials; mandate risk-limiting audits starting 1/1/2022 (and mandate pilot for 2020 election)	Enacted
OK	SB 261	Authorize State Board of Elections to order post-election audits; require county election officials to undertake new cybersecurity measures; authorize State Board	Enacted

		to declare an election emergency in response to cyber- and other security threats or interference and system failures	
OH	SB 52	Require SOS appointment of a chief information security officer; require post-election audit, including authorizing risk-limiting audits; create a “cyber reserve” as part of the state militia.	Passed Senate
OR	SB 944	Authorize risk-limiting audits	Passed both houses
SD	HB 1027	Require vote centers and counties that use e-pollbooks to have printed paper copies of the registration list	Enacted
TX	HB 1421	Require SOS to establish cyber-security best practices; require county elections officials to obtain cyber-security training and assessment and to report cyber-security breaches	Enacted

ⁱ The bill, however, is highly controversial: It does not require the use of hand-marked paper ballots and critics are concerned that it requires the state to purchase voting systems that only use ballot-marking devices.