

VOTER REGISTRATION MODERNIZATION IS POSSIBLE NOW: STATE EXPERIENCES

State experiences show that voter registration modernization is feasible, cost-effective, and will save taxpayers millions of dollars each year.

EACH COMPONENT OF VRM IS CURRENTLY BEING USED SUCCESSFULLY IN MULTIPLE STATES ACROSS THE COUNTRY:

- At least 17 states—Arizona, Arkansas, California, Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Kansas, Kentucky, Michigan, New Jersey, North Carolina, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Carolina, South Dakota, Texas and Washington—have fully or substantially automated the voter registration process at DMVs.
- 38 state DMVs automatically register all eligible young men for the Selective Service, as do a variety of other federal and state agencies.
- 8 states—Colorado, Delaware, Florida, Maryland, Ohio, Oregon, South Dakota, and Washington—have systems of permanent registration that allow registered voters who move to cast valid ballots even if they do not update their registrations before Election Day.
- 8 states—Idaho, Iowa, Maine, Minnesota, Montana, New Hampshire, Wisconsin, and Wyoming—offer Election Day registration, allowing eligible citizens to register or update their records on Election Day. A number of other states offer same day registration in some circumstances or allow voters to correct registration errors on Election Day.
- 34 states allow citizens to look up their voter registration information online.
- 11 states—Arizona, California, Colorado, Delaware, Indiana, Kansas, Louisiana, Nevada, Oregon, Utah, and Washington—currently or will soon offer online voter registration. North Carolina is considering implementing online registration.
- Thanks to a 2002 federal law, every state now has (or soon will have) a computerized statewide voter registration database capable of sharing information in some form with other government databases.

EVERY STATE THAT HAS IMPLEMENTED ELEMENTS OF VRM HAS SAVED MONEY:

- VRM is a modest investment, and it will pay for itself, saving states millions of dollars a year.
- Washington spent about \$280K to automate voter registration at DMVs and introduce online registration. The Secretary of State's office saved over \$125K in the first year, and the counties saved even more.
- Online registration cost Arizona less than \$100K, and automating DMV registrations cost only an additional \$30K.
- In Maricopa County, Arizona (which includes Phoenix), processing a paper voter registration form costs 83¢, compared to 3¢ for applications received electronically from the DMV or through the online system.

- In 2008, Maricopa County saved data entry costs equivalent to the cost of eight full-time employees.
- Delaware recently improved its electronic voter registration system at DMVs, saving over \$200,000 a year from its election budget.
- State election officials estimate that VRM could reduce election costs by one third.
- Canada fully recouped the cost of its VRM system in one national election.

AUTOMATED TRANSMISSION OF VOTER REGISTRATIONS INCREASES REGISTRATION RATES:

- In Washington and Kansas, the number of voter registration transactions at DMVs doubled after the system was automated.
- In South Dakota, the number of registrations at DMVs increased almost eight-fold after automation.
- In Delaware, which partially automated voter registration at DMVs over a decade ago, 81% of all registrations come from DMVs, compared to 38% nationally.