

Predictive Policing Pilot Evaluation

June xxxx, 2016

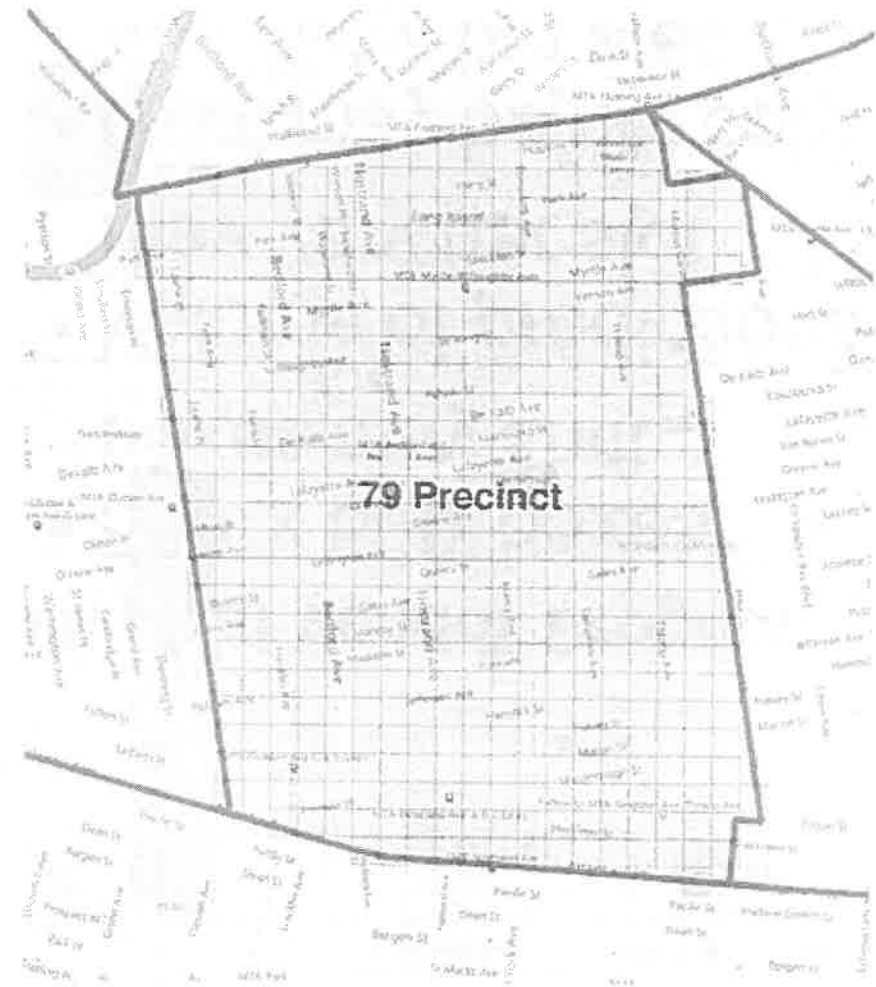
Pilot Background

- “Predictive policing” in this presentation refers to the selection of a limited number of geographic boxes, predicted to have the highest risk of crime, for an upcoming time window
- Three external vendors bid to participate in a no-cost NYPD pilot of predictive policing algorithms: PredPol, Azavea (HunchLab), and KeyStats
- OMAP and the Predictive Policing Committee, which included DCO, OCD, Counterterrorism, and ITB, established the framework for the pilot and the evaluation

Pilot Parameters

Predict 300' x 300' boxes:

- Either five boxes per precinct or 1% of patrol borough's area
- Per platoon
- Per crime type:
 - Robbery
 - [Felony]? Assault
 - Burglary
 - Grand Larceny from Person
 - Larceny from Auto
 - Shooting
 - Plus one composite of all six crime types



Pilot Parameters

NYPD Pilot

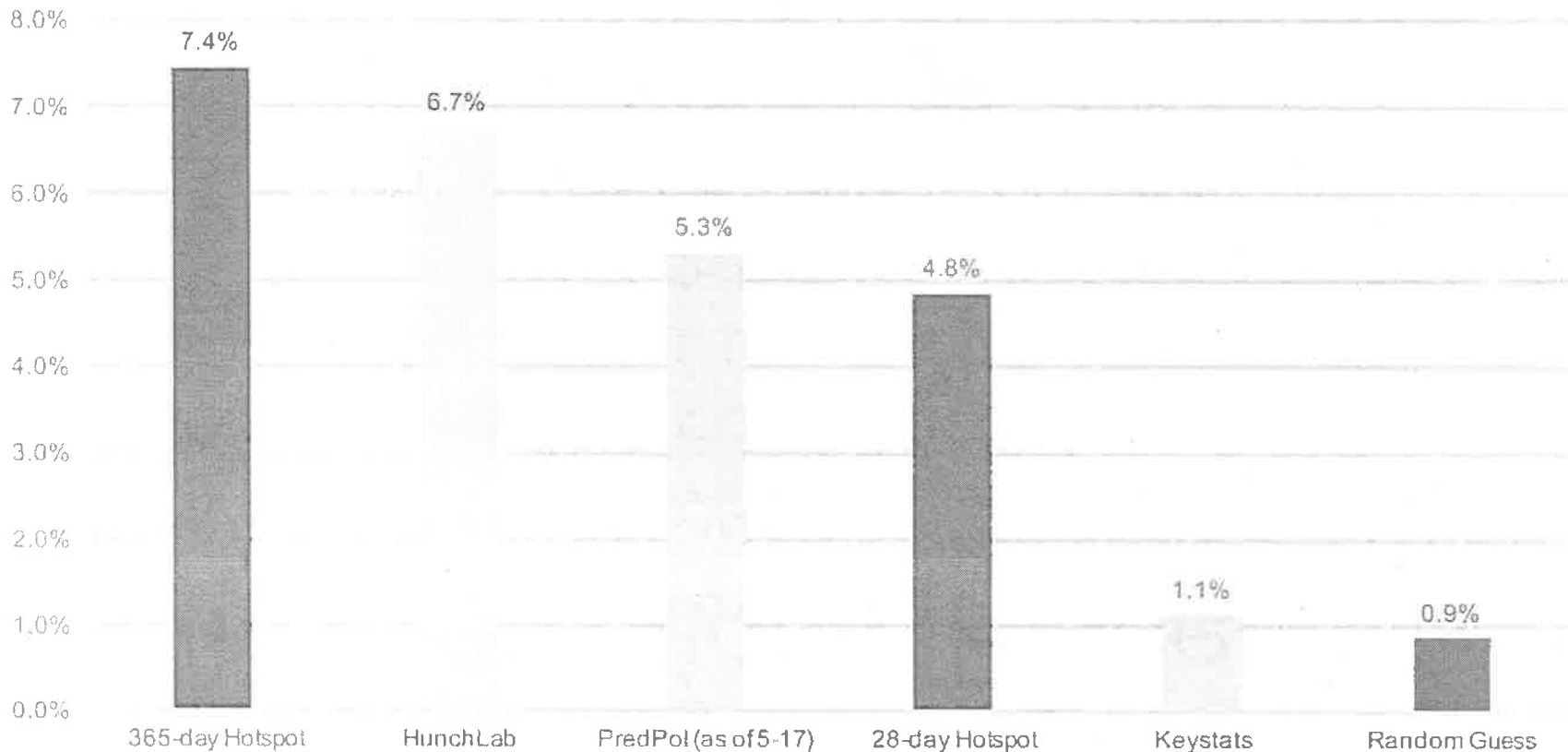
- Static 300' x 300' grid for all vendors
- Five predictions every slot
- **Goal is to maximize fairness of comparison, hit accuracy**

Typical Vendor Product

- 500' x 500' boxes; boxes may shift
- Volume of predictions may vary per slot
- Goal may be not only accuracy, but also practicalities of patrol

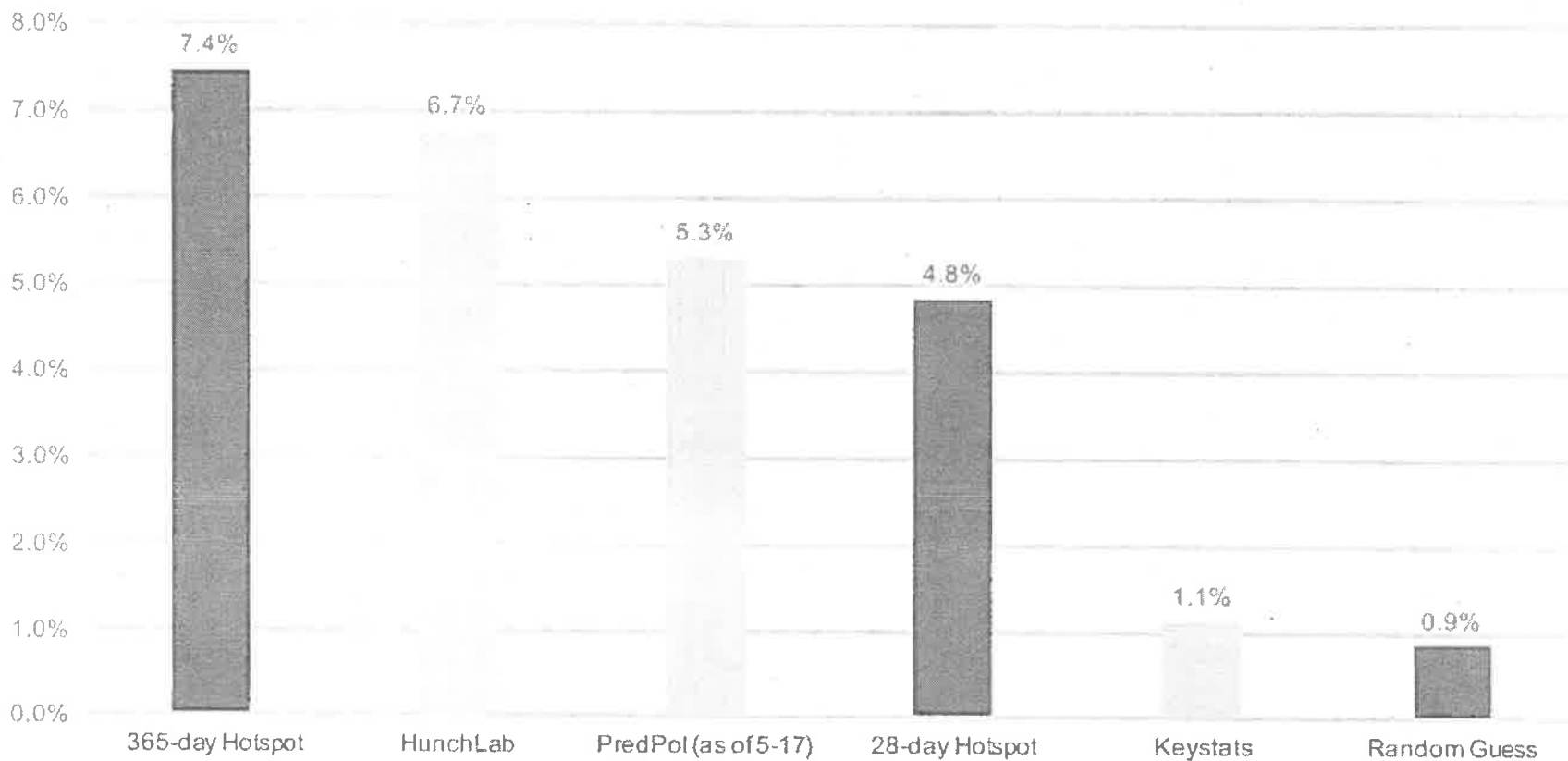
Pilot Results: Daily Precinct-Level Predictions

Percent of Composite Index Crimes Predicted by Boxes, as of June 6th



Pilot Results: Weekly Precinct-Level Predictions [Placeholder]

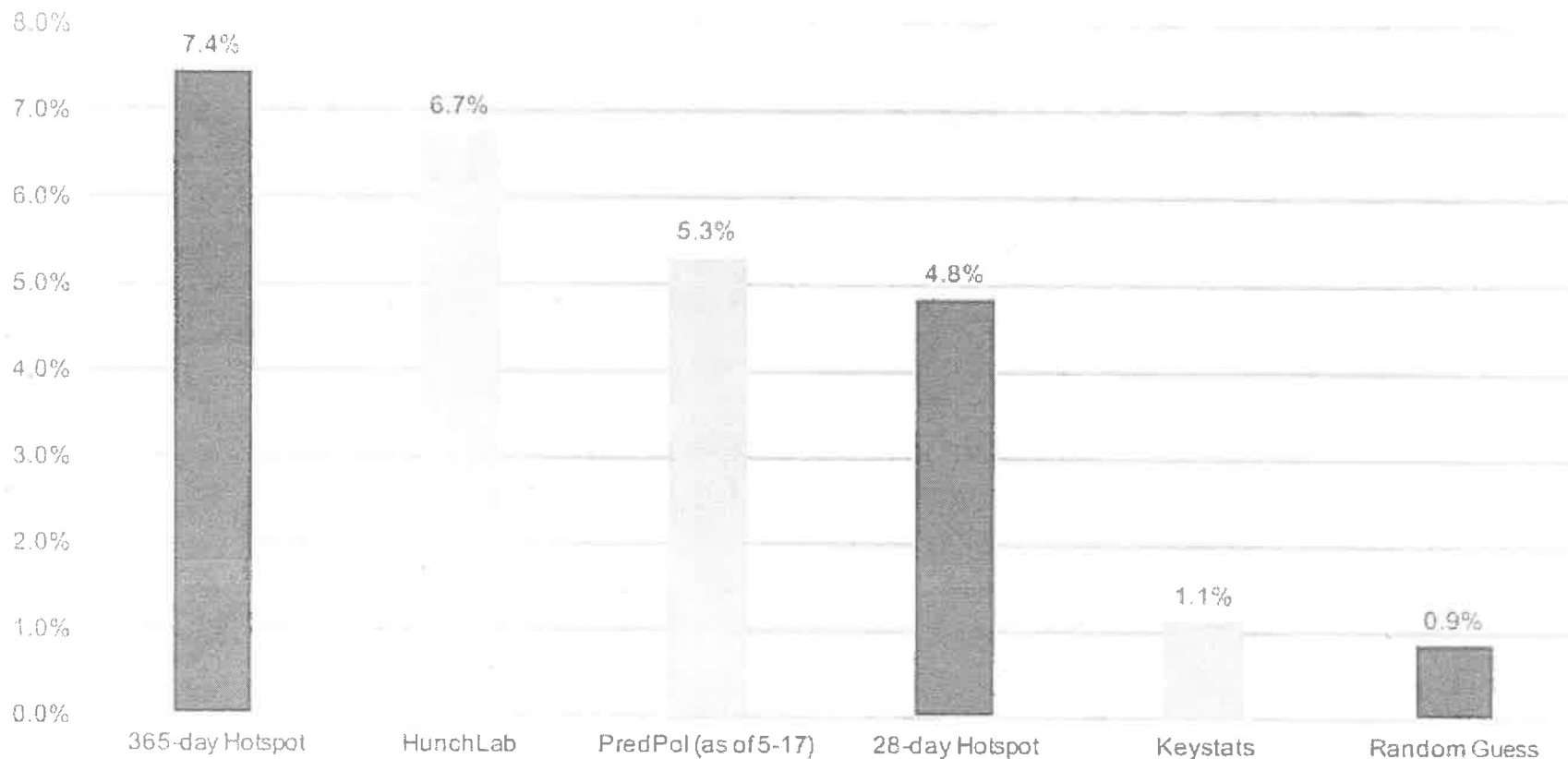
Percent of Composite Index Crimes Predicted by Boxes, as of June 6th



Appendix: Additional Charts

Pilot Results: Robbery [Placeholder]

Percent of Composite Index Crimes
Predicted by Boxes, as of June 6th



Pilot Results: Burglary etc etc [Placeholder]

Percent of Composite Index Crimes
Predicted by Boxes, as of June 6th

