

INTELLIGENCE ASSESSMENT



(U//FOUO) Syria-Based US and UK Persons' Public Social Media Activity Effective but Provides Terrorism Prevention Opportunities 20 May 2015

Office of Intelligence and Analysis

IA-0196-15

b) (3), (b) (7)(D)

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(b) (3), (b) (7)(D)

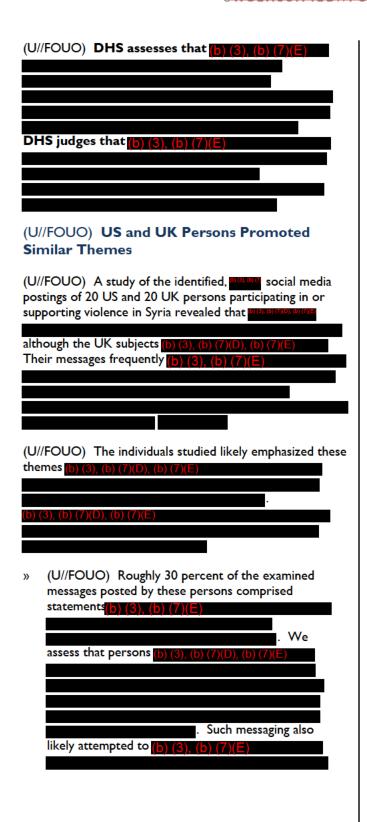
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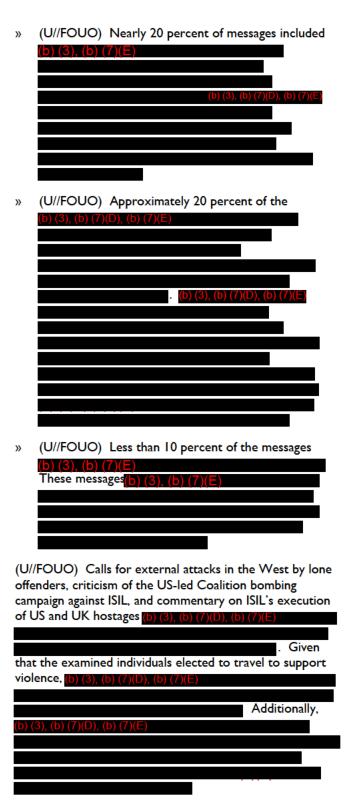
(U//FOUO) Syria-Based US and UK Persons' Public Social Media Activity Effective but Provides Terrorism Prevention Opportunities

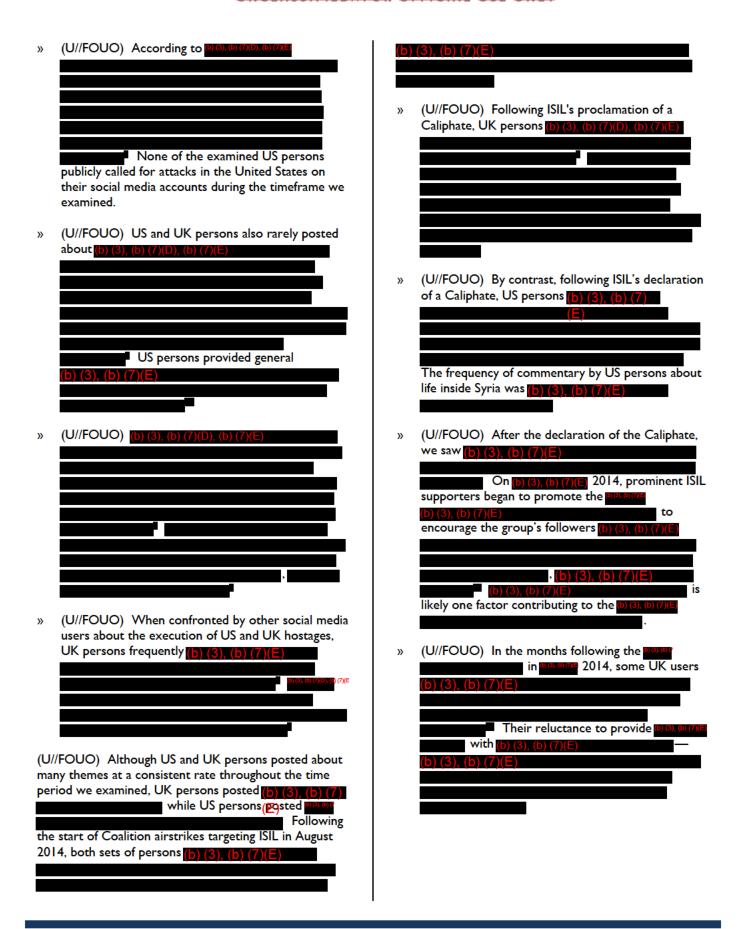
(U//FOUO) We judge that the US and UK persons examined (b) (3), (b) (7)(D), (b) (7)(E)
(U//FOUO) We assess that these persons are (b) (3), (b) (7)(D), (b) (7)(E)
(U//FOUO) DHS assesses that trying to directly engage such Syria-based English-speakers on social media would (b) (3), (b) (7)(E)
(b) (3), (b) (7)(E)
. Counter-narratives will likely be most effective (b) (3), (b) (7)(E)

^{* (}U//FOUO) DHS defines a lone offender as an individual motivated by one or more violent extremist ideologies who, operating alone, supports or engages in violence in furtherance of that ideology or ideologies that may involve influence from a larger terrorist organization or a foreign actor.



^{* (}U//FOUO) For more information on the examined persons' social media activity see attached Reference Aid, "(U//FOUO) Research Findings: Use of Social Media by UK and US Foreign Persons in Syria."



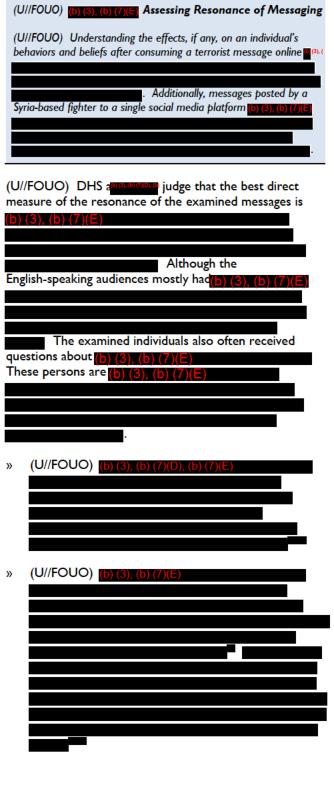


»	(U//FOUO) Several of the examined US persons most prominent on social media (b) (3), (b) (7)(E) DHS assesses that some of these persons may have (b) (3), (b) (7)(E)
(b)	(FOUO) Male and female UK users generally (3), (b) (7)(E) (3), (b) (7)(E)
	(b) (3), (b) (7)(D), (b) (7)(E)
»	(U//FOUO) Messages by Syria-based females in the study (b) (3), (b) (7)(E) and we assess they were (b) (3), (b) (7)(E)
»	(U//FOUO) (b) (3), (b) (7)(D), (b) (7)(E)
»	(U//FOUO) The one US woman included in this study also emphasized (b) (3), (b) (7)(E)

	(FOUO) US and UK Persons May Show Differences in
	tforms, Similarities in <mark>(b) (3), (b) (7)(E)</mark>
(U//	(FOUO) (b) (3), (b) (7)(D), (b) (7)(E)
	(
»	(U//FOUO) Thirteen of the 20 US persons had publicly viewable (B) (3) accounts in which they posted content
	relevant to this study, (b) (3), (b) (7)(D), (b) (7)(E)
	. However, 1010.00 (7)(0).
	.,,,
>>	(U//FOUO) (b) (3), (b) (7)(D), (b) (7)(E)
	(*/)
(U//	/FOUO) (b) (3), (b) (7)(D), (b) (7)(E)
	We
asse	ess that they (b) (3), (b) (7)(E)
»	(LUEOLIO) AND AND AND AND
"	(U//FOUO) (b) (3), (b) (7)(D), (b) (7)(E)
	18
	•
(U//	(FOUO) (b) (3), (b) (7)(D), (b) (7)(E)
>>	(U//FOUO) (b) (3), (b) (7)(D), (b) (7)(E)

(U//FOUO) Messaging Reaches Small Numbers, (b) (3), (b) (7)(E) (U//FOUO) As expected, the size of the examined US and UK persons' identified online social networks was (b) (3), (b) (7)(E) The examined US and UK persons' (b) (3), (b) (7)(E) , as well the challenge of individual foreign —many of whom also maintain public social media presences—(b) (3), (b) (7)(E) (U//FOUO) (b) (3), (b) (7)(D), (U) In May 2014, (b) (3), (b) (7)(E) (b) (7)(D), (b) (7)(E) about (b) (3), (b) (7)(C), a prominent UK social media user who traveled to Syria in August 2013. (b) (3), (b) (7)(D), (b) (7)(E) (0) radicalization to violence, examples of his online messaging, and provided his provided handle.* Highlighting his story and presented months name (b) (3), (b) (7)(E)

^{* (}U//FOUO) DHS defines radicalization as the process through which an individual changes from a non-violent belief system to a belief system that includes the willingness to actively advocate, facilitate, or use unlawful violence as a method to effect societal or political change.





»	(U//FOUO) We assess that (b) (3).
	Nevertheless, (b) (3), (b) (7)(E)
»	(U//FOUO) We judge, based on our analysis of numerous recent cases of radicalization to violence in the West, (b) (3), (b) (7)(E)
	As a result, we assess that counter-narratives that (b) (3), (b) (7)(E)
	and (b) (3), (b) (7)(E)
	are likely to be one.
»	(U//FOUO) We assess that personal associates,
	(b) (3), (b) (7)(D), (b) (7)(E)
(U/	/FOUO) DHS assesses that (b) (3), (b) (7)(E)
jud	Instead, DHS ges that (b) (3), (b) (7)(E)

(U//FOUO) In October 2014, (b) (3), (b) (7)(D) (U//FOUO) Online users, especially ISIL supporters, employ a range of tactics to circumvent the effects of account shutdowns, such as (b) (3), (b) (7) (U//FOUO) in the summer of 2014 repeatedly suspended ISIL's official group accounts, which forced the group to migrate to significantly less popular —until these sites—(b) (3), (b) (7)(E)second tier sites also suspended the group's official accounts, (U//FOUO) DHS notes that (b) (3), (b) (7)(E may provide (b) (3), (b) (7)(E) to (b) (3), (b) (7)(individuals in the early process of potentially radicalizing to violence may be engaging in protected speech and have not committed or expressed an intent to commit any illegal activities, (b) (3), (b) (7)(E)

» (U) Montgomery County, Maryland's municipal officials and police have partnered with the US-based NGO World Organization for Resource Development and Education to develop an intervention program for individuals radicalizing to violence. Part of the program—which is informing separate locally led countering violent extremism pilot initiatives in Boston, Los Angeles, and Minneapolis—seeks to educate communities about the risks of individuals being exposed to violent extremist materials, especially on social media. 42

(MPAC) in 2014 released a toolkit called the "Safe Spaces Initiative," which was designed to provide Muslim American communities with practical advice on countering radicalization to violence among their members using the MPAC-designed Prevention, Intervention, Ejection (PIE) model. The prevention element of PIE recommends that, when a respected authority figure—such as a religious leader, teacher, or parent—learns that an impressionable community member has been exposed to violent extremist content online, the authority should view the material with the vulnerable individual and debunk its misleading narratives. 41

(U) The US-based Muslim Public Affairs Council USPER





REFERI

Overview

analyzed the public social media activity of identified UK and US persons in Syria to inform efforts to counter online recruitment and radicalization to violence. Our study's findings are derived from a review of 20 UK persons and 20 US persons (b) (3), (b) (7)(D), (b) (7)(E)

This infographic highlights the most common themes

they promoted, as well as key similarities and differences between UK and US persons, men and women, and the social media platforms they used.

Intelligence cut-off date: 30 November 2014

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Calls for External Attacks

b) (3), (b) (7)(D), (b) (7)(E)

Travel Guidance and Advice

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(U//FOUO) Research Findings: Use of Social Media by UK and US Persons in Syria

Key Findings

- UK and US persons in Syria typically promoted themes (b) (3), (b) (7)(E) with (b) (3), (b) (7)(E)
- Messages primarily were designed to (b) (3), (b) (7)(E)and most of the remainder were designed to (b) (3), (b) (7)(E)
 - Only a handful of messages referenced
- Fighters from both countries regularly (b) (3), (b) (7)(E)

Examined travelers increasingly provided (b) (3), (b) (7)(E)

Promoting a Foreign Terrorist Organization (b) (3), (b) (7)(D), (b) (7)(E

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(b) (3), (b) (7)(D), (b) (7)(E) Life in Syria (b) (3), (b) (7)(D), (b) (7)(E)

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(3), (b) (7)(D), (b) (7

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Differences and Similarities of UK and US Persons

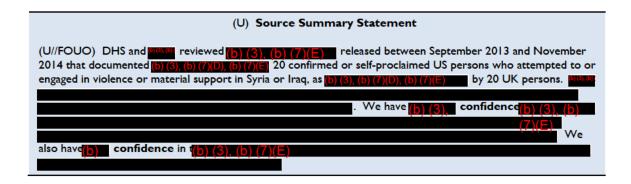
- UK and US persons published messages in approximately the same proportion about life in Syria, combat operations in Syria, tributes to martyrs, and terrorist messaging.
- UK persons were more likely to(b) (3), (b) (7)(D), (b) (7
- US persons were more likely to (b) (3), (b) (

*Size reflects prevalence of public use by examined persons

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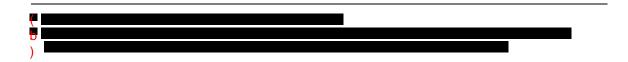


(U) Report Suspicious Activity

(U) To report suspicious activity, law enforcement, Fire-EMS, private security personnel, and emergency managers should follow established protocols; all other personnel should call 911 or contact local law enforcement. Suspicious activity reports (SARs) will be forwarded to the appropriate fusion center and FBI Joint Terrorism Task Force for further action. For more information on the Nationwide SAR Initiative, visit http://nsi.ncirc.gov/resources.aspx.

(U) Tracked by: HSEC-8.1, HSEC-8.2, HSEC-8.3, HSEC-8.8.3







Office of Intelligence and Analysis

Customer Feedback Form

Product Title: (U//FOUO) Syria-Based US and UK Persons' Public Social Media Activity Effective but Provides Terrorism

1. Please select partner type:	Select One		and function:	Select One								
2. What is the highest level of intelligence information that you receive? Select One												
3. Please complete the following sentence: "I focus most of my time on:" Select One												
4. Please rate your satisfaction with each of the following:												
	Very Satisfied	Somewhat Satisfied	Neither Satisfied nor Dissatisfied	Somewhat Dissatisfied	Very Dissatisfied	N/A						
Product's overall usefulness	0	0	0	0	0	0						
Product's relevance to your mission	0	0	0	0	0	0						
Product's timeliness	0	0	0	0	0	0						
Product's responsiveness to your intelligence needs	0	0	0	0	0	0						
5. How do you plan to use this product in support of your mission? (Check all that apply.)												
emergency response operations Observe, identify, and/or disrupt threats Share with partners Allocate resources (e.g. equipment and personnel) Reprioritize organizational focus Author or adjust policies and guidelines 6. To further understand your response to question #5, please provide specific details about situations in which you might use this product. 7. What did this product not address that you anticipated it would?												
8. To what extent do you agree	with the follow	ing two statem		_	_	_						
	Strong Agree		Neither Agre nor Disagre		Strongly Disagree	N/A						
This product will enable me to make decisions regarding this topic.	better O	0	0	0	0	0						
This product provided me with intelliginformation I did not find elsewhere.	gence O	0	0	0	0	0						
9. How did you obtain this prod	uct? Select One	e										
10. Would you be willing to participate in a follow-up conversation about your feedback? Yes												
To help us understand more about your Name: Organization: Contact Number:	organization so we	can better tailor f	uture products, pleas Position: State: Email:	e provide:		bmit quest						

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