

## **The Democracy Restoration Act**

FACT SHEET

As a standalone bill, as introduced by Senator Ben Cardin

## THE DEMOCRACY RESTORATION ACT WILL:

- Give a second chance to Americans living in our communities who are disenfranchised because of criminal convictions in their past.
- Catch the entire country up to 25 states, red and blue, plus the District of Columbia and Puerto Rico where everyone living in the community already has the right tovote.
- Enact a simple rule that is easy to administer: Americans who are out of prison and living in the community get to vote in federal elections.
- Provide notice to people with past criminal convictions about their right to vote in federal elections.

## THIS BILL IS IMPORTANT BECAUSE IT:

- **Provides a second chance.** There is no penological justification for punishing people after they have been released from prison. Restoring voting rights encourages successful reentry into our communities.
- Strengthens our democracy. The right to vote forms the core of American democracy. A strong, vibrant democracy requires the broadest possible base of voter participation.
- Simplifies a patchwork of laws. Restoring voting rights to all Americans living in our communities would create a bright line rule that relieves confusion about who is eligible to vote in federal elections.
- Advances civil rights. Felony disenfranchisement is a relic of Jim Crow efforts to bar minorities from voting. The intended effects of these laws continue today: the disenfranchisement rate for Black citizens is roughly four times that of all other Americans.
- Empowers families and communities. Denying the vote to one person has a ripple effect, dramatically decreasing the political power of urban and minority communities. Restoring voting rights would encourage the civic participation of entire families.

## THE DEMOCRACY RESTORATION ACT IS SOUND POLICY BECAUSE IT:

- Avoids confusing, rarely used carve outs that are difficult to administer for elections officials who are not trained to draw lines based on complex sentencing statuses.
- Is consistent with Congress's constitutional power under the Elections Clause and the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Amendments.
- Restores voting rights to people whom the criminal justice system has already determined should be living and working among us.
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