1		TED STATES DISTRICT COURT
2		
3	BRENNAN CENTER FOR JUST AT NEW YORK UNIVERSITY	CICE
	SCHOOL OF LAW, et al.,	Civil Action
5	Plaintiffs,	No. 1:18-cv-1860
6	vs.	Washington, DC December 1, 2022
7	U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUST	TICE, 10:02 a.m.
8	Defendant.	,
9		/
10 11 12	BEFORE THE	OF VIDEO STATUS CONFERENCE HONORABLE RANDOLPH D. MOSS STATES DISTRICT JUDGE
13	APPEARANCES:	
14 15 16	For the Plaintiffs:	JONATHAN MOSES  Wachtell, Lipton, Rosen & Katz 51 West 52nd Street New York, NY 10019
16 17 18 19	For the Defendant:	BRENDA GONZALEZ HOROWITZ  DOJ-USAO  601 D Street, NW  Washington, DC 20530
20		
21		
22	Court Reporter:	JEFF M. HOOK
23	•	Official Court Reporter U.S. District & Bankruptcy Courts
24 25		333 Constitution Avenue, NW Room 4700-C Washington, DC 20001
		<b>5</b> ,

1

2

3

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

## PROCEEDINGS

**DEPUTY CLERK:** This is civil action 18-1860, Brennan Center for Justice at New York University School of Law, et al., vs. United States Department of Justice. 4 Counsel, starting with plaintiff, please identify yourself 5 for the record.

MR. MOSES: Good morning, Your Honor. This is Jonathan Moses for plaintiffs.

THE COURT: Good morning.

MS. GONZALEZ HOROWITZ: Good morning, Your Honor. This is Assistant U.S. Attorney Brenda Gonzalez-Horowitz on behalf of the Department of Justice. And with me also is Vinay Jolly who is agency counsel at EOUSA.

THE COURT: Well, welcome to all of you. Thank you. So I have gone through the 20-sample Vaughn index entries just to do the double check that I had promised that I would do of these, and I wanted to tell you what my conclusions were with respect to those entries. By and large, I think that the Department of Justice correctly concluded that the cases -- or there was not evidence or reason to believe that the cases fell within the statutory definition of domestic terrorism at 18 U.S.C. section 2331(5).

And just so that the plaintiffs are aware of my reasoning -- because I know they're not privy to the actual docket numbers and can't look for themselves, but many of the cases are cases that involved false threats or hoaxes, but where there was no actual danger to human life involved in any way. It's the equivalent of calling in the bomb scare when there was no bomb, that type of thing.

There were a handful of cases where there were threats of -- or danger to human life in some of the cases. But in those cases -- and I'm looking at the dockets, there's not any evidence or reason to think that they were for one of the purposes identified in 2331. Those purposes include to intimidate or coerce civilian populations, to influence policy of a government by intimidation or coercion or to affect the conduct of a government by mass destruction, assassination or kidnapping. And more were just personal squabbles or personal issues between the defendant and some individual who that person was angry with. Sometimes the cases were just involving what I think appears to be mental illness. There were two, though, where I had further questions. One is docket entry 423.

Ms. Gonzalez-Horowitz, I don't know if the docket number that you gave the Court is a mistake or not, but when we went to look at that docket number, there was nothing -- I don't think there was a case that opened up at all, and certainly nothing that appeared to be in any way at issue in this proceeding. So you may just need to check that docket

number again.

MS. GONZALEZ HOROWITZ: Sure. And just to confirm, you said docket entry 423?

THE COURT: 423, correct.

MR. MOSES: Judge, you mean Vaughn index entry 423?

THE COURT: Yes, I do, thank you. And then so I just need to take a look at that one still.

MS. GONZALEZ HOROWITZ: Okay.

THE COURT: But the one entry where I tend to think it probably should be disclosed is docket -- I'm sorry, I keep saying docket, Vaughn index 413. I don't know if you want to look at that, Ms. Gonzalez-Horowitz, on your end, on your chart.

MS. GONZALEZ HOROWITZ: Just a moment, Your Honor,

I'm pulling up the -- what was submitted in camera.

(Brief interruption)

MS. GONZALEZ HOROWITZ: Okay, I have it up. Thank you, Your Honor.

THE COURT: And so I just want to make sure, before I order you to disclose that one and where I say more about it, that there's not some other privacy concern that's not evident to me. But the case is one that is a civil rights matter involving actual use of incendiary devices to terrorize, as far as I can tell, individuals on grounds of

race based on what appears to be just disapproval and trying to terrorize people based on white supremacism.

MS. GONZALEZ HOROWITZ: I'd have to go back and take a look at the specific documents relating to that case, I don't have all of them up in front of me right now, Your Honor. I think your understanding of that is correct. I think our position is probably that it would constitute a hate crime. And without disclosing too much on the public record, since that was not submitted publicly, I think that's probably the most that I can say.

But that's something we would probably need to go back and look at again, if the Court is inclined to order us to disclose that.

THE COURT: So my ruling is that you should disclose Vaughn index number 413 unless you come back to me and explain to me why it shouldn't be disclosed. And I'll tell you, my reasoning is I think you're completely right that it's a hate crime, but I think there are times in which hate crimes can be acts of domestic terrorism. Without talking about the specifics of this particular case, and without giving you the opportunity to come back to me if that's what you decide to do, hypothetically I would have thought that the Klu Klux Klan and the two -- there were two versions of the Klu Klux Klan. There was the reconstruction era of the Klu Klux Klan and then there was the reemergence

of the Klu Klux Klan.

But I would think that those were domestic terrorism groups because they clearly posed danger to human life, and they did so to intimidate or coerce a civilian population. In other words, we don't want black people to be, for example, engaged in relationships with white people. And to discourage and intimidate people from doing that, if there is a black man who does anything that we regard as an advance towards a white woman, we're going to kill that person or we're going to beat that person senseless. That strikes me as falling within the definition of domestic terrorism, because it is -- it involves an act dangerous to human life. It appears to be intended to intimidate or coerce the population; in other words, stop engaging in non-segregationist type behavior.

So that's my ruling with respect to 413, but I will give you time. And you can just tell me,

Ms. Gonzalez-Horowitz, how much time you need to look at that. And if you want to seek reconsideration with respect to that ruling, I'll give you the opportunity to do so. But it did appear to me that that was something that should be disclosed. If you can just give me how much -- you need to tell me how much time you need to look at that.

MS. GONZALEZ HOROWITZ: Sure, okay. Thank you, Your Honor. It will require obviously some coordination,

not just between me and Mr. Jolly, but with other components of the Department of Justice. And given the holidays, I think that process might be delayed slightly. So I would ask for at least, you know, 45 days.

THE COURT: Well, I'll give you until January 16th to get back to the Court. If I don't hear from you, I'm just going to assume at that point you're going to disclose that Vaughn index entry to the plaintiffs. But if you do get back to me before then and seek reconsideration, then that ruling -- I'll stay that ruling pending my resolution of whatever you file.

MS. GONZALEZ HOROWITZ: Okay, understood.

THE COURT: Anything else -- I'm sorry, just a second here. Give me just a second.

(Brief interruption)

THE COURT: And then, also, when can you get back to me with respect to Vaughn index 423? It probably should be before that date. I don't think it's going to take much time just to figure out what that really corresponds to.

MS. GONZALEZ HOROWITZ: Yes, Your Honor, I think we should be able to get that to you within the next few days. I'll coordinate with Mr. Jolly after our call right now. So if you could just give us a week and we can send that back to you in camera, I think that should be fine.

THE COURT: That's fine. So I'll give you until

the 8th of December to do that.

MS. GONZALEZ HOROWITZ: Great, thank you.

THE COURT: Okay. Mr. Moses, I know there's not a lot you can say because you're not privy to the ex parte material, but is there anything else you want to add?

MR. MOSES: Your Honor, if I may just briefly.

First of all, thank you to the Court and to your chambers for taking a look at these 20 docket numbers, and for the close attention the Court has given to this matter. We do appreciate it. I just wanted to make two points, and I don't know if it's going to move Your Honor or not. But I would have thought that we should -- there should be disclosure of any case involving hate crimes, and my reasoning is as follows.

The issue here, to me, should be not be whether it is technically domestic terrorism. The issue should be whether or not there will be some extra harm to the privacy interests of the person who has been convicted. And if someone has been convicted of a hate crime, I'm having a hard time seeing the greater privacy interest at issue here. The paradigmatic example that you put up of someone turns out to be a fraudster, initially we thought they were also supporting a terrorist group. And we have this very strange thing now where we've taken the 50 statutes -- which we, based on our research, thought had the most self-evident

link to terrorism, and the amount we're getting of these reviews is minimal. It was even less on the next Vaughn index.

I think we're getting a very distorted view of what the government is doing in terms of these kinds of cases. In fact, most of the cases we're seeing -- I would say the majority -- I wouldn't say the vast majority, but more than 50 percent are what are called ecoterrorism cases. And that's because the statute uses the word. If you were to look at what we've been getting, you might think the government, at least in this time period, was spending all its time going after PETA as opposed to going after people who have white supremacist ideologies. And I think the public, therefore, may be getting a distorted view.

So I guess I would ask Your Honor whether you thought it was appropriate to instruct the government that hate crimes in general should be disclosed, because the privacy interest is not as great for some of the other cases we spoke about? And I have one other point I'd like to ask, but let me stop there.

THE COURT: So I think -- I'm not persuaded by that. I think there are a lot of things that are classified as hate crimes that are at various points along the scale in terms of how heinous the crime is. And I do think, as I've previously held, there is something uniquely powerful with

an assertion that the United States Government believes you are a terrorist. One might make the same argument you're making with respect to any crime that involves use of automatic weapons or the maiming of an individual. Once you're convicted of doing something like that, your reputation is already pretty stained, so what other harm is there in saying you're a terrorist. And I think there is something uniquely powerful about that label.

I think part of the problem here, of course, is that there isn't a clear understanding and label of what terrorism is. And quite frankly, I think that you have achieved a lot in this litigation already by drawing that out. The fact that you are not getting more from the government strikes me as pretty powerful information that you're obtaining with respect to what the government has been reporting to Congress and to the public over the years with respect to their efforts to combat terrorism. I think you, through this litigation, have shown that that actually appears to be vastly overstated.

But I do think that if -- when the government looks at this one matter that I've identified, that if they concur in my judgment about this or don't convince me to change my mind about it, that may create a template for them to take a further look at some of the other cases. I do think that a hate crime can be terrorism, but I think a hate

crime, at least based on the admittedly imperfect template that we've put in place to try and do our best under difficult circumstances to figure out what needs to be disclosed and what doesn't need to be disclosed, that under the template where we're talking -- where we're using the definition in the statute, there has to be a danger to human life. And that's certainly not true of every hate crime.

Burning a cross in somebody's front yard is clearly a hate crime -- not clearly, but it oftentimes will be a hate crime. But it's not clear that doing that poses an actual danger to human life. So I admit and concede that there is imperfection to the definition of terrorism.

That's part of the problem here, and that's what we've been wrestling with all along in this litigation. And we came up with sort of the best model we can to try and sort through that.

And it may be that when the Department of Justice takes a further look at this, they may decide there are some other cases that they treated as hate crimes that are also terrorism. I guess the way I would put it is I don't think that every hate crime is an act of terrorism, but it also is the case that there are hate crimes that are acts of terrorism.

MR. MOSES: Thank you for the explanation, Your
Honor. We appreciate your thoughtfulness on it. I want to

pick up on -- and I appreciate that the government will -the department will take into account your thoughts in this
regard as they go forward. And obviously, we're not going
to reargue points.

I just want to pick up on one other thing, which was you said we've achieved a lot by showing that a lot of these cases aren't terrorism. I don't think the government has quite conceded that. Because what the government says in its -- in the Vaughn index is: "Initial investigation related to terrorism" -- or, "Initial investigation suggested possible connection to terrorism." The government uses these numbers to say we have 3,000 terrorism convictions in what it represents to Congress. I don't think the government has yet conceded that that number is misrepresented. Because what they say is, well, all we are saying is what we charged or what is public doesn't tell you whether or not this was a true terrorism case or not, not that we concluded that it wasn't a terrorism case.

And that is, I think, a significant gap in the transparency that we need here. Because if DOJ has been misrepresenting its overall number of terrorism-related convictions to Congress, that's pretty significant.

THE COURT: Right.

MR. MOSES: And they should not be let off the hook on this. What I would suggest is that they -- that the

Vaughn index be extended one column: Was it a terrorism case or not, regardless of whether it was disclosed.

Because we should know, the public should know, whether they've been misrepresenting to Congress this number. And they shouldn't be able to basically hide behind the sort of obscurity that this initial investigation suggested a possible connection to terrorism is giving them. And it's something which is -- as I was preparing for this hearing, because I have all sorts of suggestions for you based on your review. But this was one suggestion which I think is still applicable, even though you have found that these cases were appropriately not disclosed by and large.

THE COURT: What I can say is that, based on my review, the cases that are being withheld I do not believe are terrorism -- domestic terrorism cases. I don't know if that's helpful or not. But based on the review that I've had, the cases where the government is withholding, I do not believe, based on the definitions of terrorism that we're using as working definitions of terrorism, that they are in fact domestic terrorism cases.

Now, one can define terms however one wants. If one defines terrorism as acts that cause injury to human beings, then there are millions of terrorism prosecutions that are brought in the United States every year at the state and federal level. If one defines terrorism as it's

defined in 2331, the universe is obviously fairly narrow.

MR. MOSES: Well, that suggests to me, based on the sampling that we've been doing, and based on the returns we've been getting, is the Justice Department's representations to Congress -- and I haven't looked at the latest representations of the new administration, but at least through the period that we were focused on, are overstated. I guess there's nothing you can do about that, Your Honor, but it does suggest that this process has revealed that, as you suggest.

THE COURT: The one thing I will say is I don't know exactly what the Justice Department has conceded or not conceded here. They have, though, acknowledged in some of their filings that there are cases in which the investigation was originally opened as a terrorism case in which they ultimately concluded it was not a terrorism case. And they've also acknowledged that there are cases that were mistakenly classified as terrorism cases. I'm not sure, I don't think we know exactly how many fall into each of those categories.

But to the extent the reporting was simply based on output from the LIONS database, I think it has disclosed that there are -- there's been some over reporting, if that's in fact what the methodology was. I don't know how much over reporting there was in light of that. This in the

end can't be a science.

I understand what you're getting at, and I think it's an important point, which is the reason that we've gone down this path here. Because as I've said in one of my earlier opinions, I think that there are weighty interests on both sides of the scales here. And that there is a very important public interest in knowing how the Department of Justice classifies cases as terrorism cases when the Justice Department is reporting to Congress and to the public with respect to terrorism prosecutions; how the Department of Justice's budget is used for purposes of fighting domestic terrorism. Those are all very, very weighty and important interests and questions.

But what I've also said is that there are weighty interests on the other side of the scale. And I think that there is very powerful privacy interests to individuals who were not party to this litigation in not having it publicly disclosed that an AUSA on day one in a case thought that, hey, maybe this is terrorism, and they put that terrorism label in. And it turned out that it was a really stupid 16-year-old who called a bomb threat in to his or her school because he or she didn't want to take an exam and wasn't prepared to take the exam, or something like that, which clearly is not terrorism. You have that person out there now who -- that has a terrorism label associated with them

in ways which can be very damaging to someone's reputation.

So I think there are very weighty considerations on both sides of the scale here.

I also think that there is an inevitable imprecision in all of this that we're wrestling with. All I can say is I think we're all doing our best -- and I know the Department of Justice has devoted an enormous amount of resources to this case, that we're doing our best to try and work through this to strike what I think is hopefully a fair balance.

MR. MOSES: I appreciate that, Judge. And I agree that the high school student who calls in the bomb threat is -- should not be labeled a terrorist. Of course, it could be less benign, which is an agency starts an investigation as a terrorism investigation for whatever resources that allows them to get -- which is not -- really should never have been classified that way, and that's part of what we're trying to get at, too.

I guess, Judge, could we take away, at least based on your review, that these 18 of the 20 cases, excluding the one you've tentatively ordered revealed and reviewed -- excuse me, disclosed and the one that you need the docket number for, that those ultimately turned out not to be terrorism-related?

THE COURT: They did not turn out to be

terrorism-related within the definition of terrorism that's contained in 18 U.S.C. section 2331(5).

MR. MOSES: Thank you, Judge. I guess I'll just ask it squarely. I'm sure you'll say no, but I want to make sure I've asked it. Can we ask the government to add a column where they say that -- whether the case after the initial investigation turned out to be terrorism or not terrorism?

THE COURT: You know, I don't think that is appropriate here. Because this is a FOIA case, it's not a discovery case in which you're going to interpose interrogatories to the government that they have to respond to one way or the other. We're just doing our best here. The reason for the Vaughn index is to let us do our jobs under FOIA. I think that's, for present purposes, what we have to limit ourselves to.

MR. MOSES: Thank you, Judge. And thank you for your time, again.

THE COURT: Okay, thank you for your thoughtful comments. Ms. Gonzalez-Horowitz, anything else today?

MS. GONZALEZ HOROWITZ: No, Your Honor. We appreciate all of the time you've dedicated to this case, and all of the thoughtfulness that you've shared with us today. Obviously, the government concurs with several of your statements regarding the weighty privacy interests at

stake. I think you noted that the department has put a lot of resources and has devoted a lot of time into this case.

And we recognize, of course, the importance of it.

But as the Court just recognized, at the end of

the day, this is a FOIA case. So the department is trying to meet its statutory obligations under FOIA while balancing all of the other important interests at stake here. So we appreciate the Court recognizing that and appreciating that.

THE COURT: Well, and I appreciate all of your efforts. So we have appreciations all around. As we move forward here, I look forward to your additional submissions, and we'll see where we go from here. Thank you all for your efforts.

(Proceedings adjourned at 10:31 a.m.)

 $\tt C \ E \ R \ T \ I \ F \ I \ C \ A \ T \ E$ I, Jeff Hook, Official Court Reporter, certify that the foregoing is a true and correct transcript of the remotely reported proceedings in the above-entitled matter. PLEASE NOTE: This hearing occurred by videoconference and is therefore subject to the technological limitations of court reporting remotely. December 22, 2022 DATE Jeff M. Hook 

10019 - days 20

-			r <u> </u>
1	administration [1]	<b>beings [1]</b> 13/23	column [2] 13/1
<u> </u>	14/6	believes [1] 10/1	17/6
<b>10019 [1]</b> 1/15	admit [1] 11/11	benign [1] 16/14	combat [1] 10/17
<b>10:02 [1]</b> 1/7	admittedly [1] 11/1	best [5] 11/2 11/15	comments [1] 17/20
<b>10:31</b> a.m [1] 18/14	advance [1] 6/9	16/6 16/8 17/13	completely [1] 5/17
16-year-old [1]	<b>affect</b> [1] 3/13	<b>black</b> [2] 6/5 6/8	components [1] 7/1
15/21	again [3] 4/1 5/12	bomb [4] 3/4 3/5	concede [1] 11/11
<b>16th [1]</b> 7/5	17/18	15/21 16/12	conceded [4] 12/8
<b>18 [3]</b> 2/22 16/20		both [2] 15/6 16/2	
17/2	agency [2] 2/13		12/14 14/12 14/13
	16/14	BRENDA [2] 1/16	concern [1] 4/22
<b>18-1860</b> [1] 2/2	agree [1] 16/11	2/11	concluded [3] 2/20
<b>1860 [2]</b> 1/5 2/2	al [2] 1/4 2/4	BRENNAN [2] 1/3 2/3	12/18 14/16
1:18-cv-1860 [1]	allows [1] 16/16	Brief [2] 4/17 7/15	conclusions [1]
1/5	<b>[2]</b> 9/23	briefly [1] 8/6	2/18
2	11/14	<b>brought</b> [1] 13/24	concur [1] 10/22
	amount [2] 9/1 16/7	<b>budget</b> [1] 15/11	concurs [1] 17/24
<b>20 [2]</b> 8/8 16/20	angry [1] 3/16	Burning [1] 11/8	conduct [1] 3/13
<b>20-sample [1]</b> 2/15	appear [1] 6/21	=	CONFERENCE [1] 1/10
<b>20001 [1]</b> 1/25	APPEARANCES [1]	C	confirm [1] 4/3
2022 [1] 1/6	1/12	call [1] 7/22	Congress [6] 10/16
<b>20530</b> [1] 1/18	appeared [1] 3/24	called [2] 9/8	12/13 12/22 13/4
<b>2331 [4]</b> 2/23 3/10		15/21	
14/1 17/2	appears [4] 3/18	±3/4±  calling [1] 2/4	14/5 15/9
	5/1 6/13 10/19	calling [1] 3/4	connection [2]
3	applicable [1]	calls [1] 16/12	12/11 13/7
	13/11	came [1] 11/14	considerations [1]
<b>3,000 [1]</b> 12/12	appreciate [7] 8/10	camera [2] 4/16	16/2
<b>333 [1]</b> 1/24	11/25 12/1 16/11	7/24	constitute [1] 5/7
4	17/22 18/8 18/9	can [16] 4/25 5/10	Constitution [1]
	appreciating [1]	5/19 6/17 6/22 7/16	1/24
<b>413 [3]</b> 4/12 5/15	18/8	7/23 8/4 10/25	contained [1] 17/2
6/16	appreciations [1]	11/15 13/13 13/21	convicted [3] 8/18
<b>423 [5]</b> 3/19 4/3	18/10	14/8 16/1 16/6 17/5	8/19 10/5
4/4 4/6 7/17	appropriate [2]	case [19] 3/23 4/23	convictions [2]
<b> 45 [1]</b> 7/4	9/16 17/10	5/4 5/20 8/13 11/22	12/13 12/22
<b>4700-C</b> [1] 1/24	appropriately [1]	12/17 12/18 13/2	convince [1] 10/22
5	13/12	14/15 14/16 15/18	coordinate [1] 7/22
)	argument [1] 10/2	16/8 17/6 17/10	coordination [1]
<b>50 [1]</b> 8/24	around [1] 18/10	17/11 17/22 18/2	6/25
50 percent [1] 9/8	laccaccination [1]	18/5	
51 [1] 1/14	assassination [1]		correctly [1] 2/19
52nd [1] 1/14	3/14	cases [26]	corresponds [1]
	assertion [1] 10/1	categories [1]	7/19
6	Assistant [1] 2/11	14/20	counsel [2] 2/5
<b>601 [1]</b> 1/17	associated [1]	cause [1] 13/22	2/13
	15/25	<b>CENTER</b> [2] 1/3 2/3	course [3] 10/9
8	assume [1] 7/7	certainly [2] 3/24	16/13_18/3
	attention [1] 8/9	11/7	court [12] 1/1 1/22
	Attorney [1] 2/11	certify [1] 19/4	1/23 3/21 5/12 7/6
A	AUSA [1] 15/18	chambers [1] 8/7	8/7 8/9 18/4 18/8
	automātīc [1] 10/4	change [1] 10/23	19/3 19/9
a.m [2] 1/7 18/14	Avenue [1] 1/24	charged [1] 12/16	Courts [1] 1/23
able [2] 7/21 13/5	aware [1] 2/24	chart [1] 4/14	create [1] 10/23
above [1] 19/5	away [1] 16/19	<b>check [2]</b> 2/16 3/25	crime [11] 5/8 5/18
above-entitled [1]	· ·	circumstances [1]	8/19 9/24 10/3
19/5	B	11/3	10/25 11/1 11/7
account [1] 12/2	back [8] 5/3 5/12	civil [3] 1/4 2/2	11/9 11/10 11/21
achieved [2] 10/12	5/15 5/21 7/6 7/9	4/23	crimes [6] 5/19
12/6	7/16 7/24	civilian [2] 3/11	8/13 9/17 9/23
acknowledged [2]	balance [1] 16/10	6/4	
14/13 14/17	halancing [1] 10/10		11/19 11/22
act [2] 6/12 11/21	balancing [1] 18/6	classified [3] 9/22	cross [1] 11/8
action [2] 1/4 2/2	Bankruptcy [1] 1/23	14/18 16/17	cv [1] 1/5
acts [3] 5/19 11/22	<b>based</b> [12] 5/1 5/2	classifies [1] 15/8	D
13/22	8/25 11/1 13/9	clear [2] 10/10	
actual [4] 2/25 3/3	13/13 13/16 13/18	11/10	damaging_[1] 16/1
4/24 11/11	14/2 14/3 14/21	clearly [4] 6/3	danger [5] 3/3 3/7
actually [1] 10/18	16/19	11/9 11/9 15/24	6/3 11/6 11/11
actually [1] 10/18	basically [1] 13/5	close [1] 8/9	dangerous [1] 6/12
add [2] 8/5 17/5	<b>beat [1]</b> 6/10	coerce [3] 3/11 6/4	database [1] 14/22
additional [1]	behalf [1] 2/12	6/14	date [2] 7/18 19/14
18/11	<b>behavior</b> [1] 6/15	<b>coercion</b> [1] 3/12	day [2] 15/18 18/5
adjourned [1] 18/14	behind [1] 13/5	COLUMBIA [1] 1/1	days [2] 7/4 7/22
	]		' - ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' '
			<b>I</b>

DC - JEFF 21

D	else [3] 7/13 8/5	10/24 11/18	I
DC [3] 1/6 1/18	17/20   <b>end [3]</b>   4/14 15/1	G	identified [2] 3/10
1/25	18/4	gap [1] 12/19	10/21
December [2] 1/6	engaged [1] 6/6	<b>gave [1]</b> 3/21	identify [1] 2/5
8/1   6/22   5/22	engaging [1] 6/14	general [1] 9/17	ideologies [1] 9/13
<b>decide [2]</b> 5/22 11/18	enormous [1] 16/7  entitled [1] 19/5	given [2] 7/2 8/9 giving [2] 5/21	illness [1] 3/18   imperfect [1] 11/1
	entries [2] 2/16	13/7	imperfection [1]
defendant [3] 1/8	2/18	GONZALEZ [6] 1/16	11/12
1/16 3/16   define [1] 13/21	entry [5] 3/19 4/3	2/11 3/20 4/13 6/18   17/20	<pre>importance [1] 18/3 important [4] 15/3</pre>
defined [1] 14/1	4/5 4/10 7/8 EOUSA [1] 2/13	Gonzalez-Horowitz [1]	
<b>defines</b> [2] 13/22	equivalent [1] 3/4	2/11	imprecision [1]
13/25	lera [1] 5/25	Good [3] 2/7 2/9	16/5
<b>definition [5]</b> 2/22 6/11 11/6 11/12	et [2] 1/4 2/4  even [2] 9/2 13/11	2/10   <b>government [18]</b>	incendiary [1] 4/24 inclined [1] 5/12
17/1	evidence [2] 2/20	3/12 3/13 9/5 9/11	include [1] 3/11
definitions [2]	3/9	9/16 10/1 10/14	index [10] 2/15 4/5
13/18 13/19	evident [2] 4/23	10/15 10/20 12/1	4/12 5/15 7/8 7/17
delayed [1] 7/3  department [14] 1/7	8/25   <b>ex [1</b> ] 8/4	12/7 12/8 12/11   12/14 13/17 17/5	9/3 12/9 13/1 17/14 individual [2] 3/16
2/4 2/12 2/19 7/2	exactly [2] 14/12	17/12 17/24	10/4
11/17 12/2 14/12	14/19	great [2] 8/2 9/18	individuals [2]
15/7 15/9 15/10 16/7 18/1 18/5	<b>exam [2]</b> 15/22 15/23	greater [1] 8/20  grounds [1] 4/25	4/25 15/16   inevitable [1] 16/4
Department's [1]	example [2] 6/6	group [1] 8/23	influence [1] 3/12
14/4	8/21	groups [1] 6/3	information [1]
destruction [1]	excluding [1] 16/20	guess [5] 9/15   11/20 14/8 16/10	10/14
3/14  devices [1] 4/24	excuse [1] 16/22 explain [1] 5/16	11/20 14/8 16/19 17/3	initial [4] 12/9 12/10 13/6 17/7
devoted [2] 16/7	explanation [1]	H	initially [1] 8/22
18/2	11/24	F 'F	injury [1] 13/22
difficult [1] 11/3 disapproval [1] 5/1	extended [1] 13/1 extent [1] 14/21	<b>handful [1]</b> 3/6 <b>hard [1]</b> 8/20	instruct [1] 9/16 intended [1] 6/13
disclose [4] 4/21	extent [1] 14/21  extra [1] 8/17		interest [3] 8/20
5/13 5/15 7/7	F	<b>hate [15]</b> 5/8 5/18	9/18 15/7
disclosed [11] 4/11		5/19 8/13 8/19 9/17 9/23 10/25 10/25	
5/16 6/22 9/17 11/4 11/4 13/2 13/12	13/20 14/24	11/7 11/9 11/10	15/5 15/13 15/15   15/16 17/25 18/7
14/22 15/18 16/22	<b>fair [1]</b> 16/9	11/19 11/21 11/22	interpose [1] 17/11
disclosing [1] 5/8	fairly [1] 14/1	hear [1]	interrogatories [1]
disclosure [1] 8/13 discourage [1] 6/7	fall [1] 14/19  falling [1] 6/11	<b>hearing [2]</b> 13/8   19/7	17/12  interruption [2]
discovery [1] 17/11	false [1] 3/2	heinous [1] 9/24	4/17 7/15
distorted [2] 9/4	<b> far [1]</b> 4/25	<b>held [1</b> ] 9/25	intimidate [4] 3/11
9/14	federal [1] 13/25	helpful [1] 13/16	6/4 6/7 6/13
DISTRICT [4] 1/1 1/11 1/23	fell [1] 2/21  few [1] 7/21	hey [1] 15/19 hide [1] 13/5	intimidation [1]   3/12
docket [10] 3/1	fighting [1] 15/11	high [1] 16/12	into [3] 12/2 14/19
3/19 3/20 3/22 3/25	figure [2] 7/19	hoaxes [1] 3/2	18/2
4/3 4/11 4/12 8/8 16/22	11/3   <b>file [1]</b> 7/11	holidays [1] 7/2 Honor [13] 2/7 2/10	investigation [7]   12/9 12/10 13/6
<b>dockets</b> [1] 3/8	filings [1] 14/14	4/15 4/19 5/6 6/25	14/15 16/15 16/15
documents [1] 5/4	<b> fine [2]</b> 7/24 7/25	7/20 8/6 8/11 9/15	17/7
DOJ [2] 1/17 12/20 DOJ-USAO [1] 1/17	First [1] 8/7 focused [1] 14/7	11/25 14/9 17/21 HONORABLE [1] 1/10	involved [2] 3/2 3/3
domestic [8] 2/22		hook [4] 1/22 12/25	involves [2] 6/12
5/19 6/2 6/11 8/16	17/15 18/5 18/6	19/3 19/14	10/3
13/15 13/20 15/11	follows [1] 8/14	hopefully [1] 16/9	involving [3] 3/17
double [1] 2/16  down [1] 15/4	For the Defendant [1]	2/11 3/20 4/13 6/18	4/24 8/13   <b>issue [4]</b> 3/24 8/15
drawing [1] 10/12	foregoing [1] 19/4	17/20	8/16 8/20
E	<b> forward [3]</b> 12/3	human [7] 3/3 3/7	<b>issues [1]</b> 3/15
earlier [1] 15/5	18/11 18/11   <b>found [1]</b> 13/11	6/3 6/13 11/6 11/11 13/22	J
ecoterrorism [1]	frankly [1] 10/11	hypothetically [1]	<b>January [1]</b> 7/5
9/8	fraudster [1] 8/22	5/22	January 16th [1]
efforts [3] 10/17 18/10 18/13	front [2] 5/5 11/8 further [3] 3/19		7/5 JEFF [3] 1/22 19/3
10/10/10/13	TWI CHEL [J] J/IJ		
	1		

JEFF... - recognizing 22

	1		
J	majority [2] 9/7   9/7	number [8] 3/21   3/22 4/1 5/15 12/14	<b>plaintiffs [5]</b> 1/5 1/13 2/8 2/24 7/8
JEFF [1] 19/14	making [1] 10/3	12/21 13/4 16/23	please [2] 2/5 19/7
jobs [1] 17/14	lman [1] 6/8	numbers [3] 3/1 8/8	point [3] 7/7 9/19
Jolly [3] 2/13 7/1	many [2] 3/1 14/19	12/12	15/3
7/22 JONATHAN [2] 1/13	mass [1] 3/13 material [1] 8/5	NW [2] 1/17 1/24 NY [1] 1/15	<b>points [3]</b> 8/10 9/23 12/4
2/8	matter [4] 4/24 8/9		policy [1] 3/12
JUDGE [6] 1/11 4/5	10/21 19/6	0	population [2] 6/5
16/11 16/19 17/3	may [6] 3/25 8/6	obligations [1]	6/14
17/17	9/14 10/23 11/17	18/6   obscurity [1]   13/6	populations [1]
judgment [1] 10/22 JUSTICE [13] 1/3	11/18  maybe [1] 15/19	obscurity [1] 13/6 obtaining [1] 10/15	3/11 posed [1] 6/3
1/7 2/3 2/4 2/12	mean [1] 4/5	obviously [4] 6/25	poses [1] 11/10
2/19 7/2 11/17 14/4	meet [1] 18/6	12/3 14/1 17/24	position [1] 5/7
14/12 15/8 15/8	mental [1] 3/18	occurred [1] 19/7	possible [2] 12/11
16/7 Justice's [1] 15/11	methodology [1] 14/24	off [1] 12/24 Official [2] 1/23	13/7 powerful [4] 9/25
	might [3] 7/3 9/10	19/3	10/8 10/14 15/16
K	10/2	oftentimes [1] 11/9	prepared [1] 15/23
Katz [1] 1/14	millions [1] 13/23	<b>old [1]</b>	preparing [ <b>1</b> ]
keep [1] 4/12	mind [1] 10/23	Once [1] 10/4	present [1] 17/15
kidnapping [1] 3/14  kill [1] 6/9	minimāl [1] 9/2 misrepresented [1]	one [22] opened [2] 3/23	pretty [3] 10/6 10/14 12/22
<b>kinds</b> [1] 9/5	12/15	14/15	previously [1] 9/25
<b>Klan</b> $[\bar{4}]$ 5/23 5/24	misrepresenting [2]	<b>opinions</b> [ <b>1</b> ] 15/5	privacy [6] 4/22
5/25 6/1	12/21 13/4	opportunity [2]	8/17 8/20 9/18
<b>Klu [4]</b> 5/23 5/24 5/25 6/1	mistake [1] 3/21	5/21 6/20	15/16 17/25 privy [2] 2/25 8/4
κlux [4] 5/23 5/24	mistakenly [1]   14/18	opposed [1] 9/12 order [2] 4/21 5/12	privy [2]
5/25 6/1	model [1] 11/15	ordered [1] 16/21	5/7 5/10 5/11 7/17
knowing [1] 15/7	<b>moment</b> [ $1$ ] 4/15	originally [1]	<pre>problem [2] 10/9</pre>
L	more [4] 3/14 4/21	14/15	11/13
label [4] 10/8	9/8 10/13 morning [3] 2/7 2/9	ourselves [1] 17/16 out [9] 7/19 8/22	proceeding [1] 3/25   proceedings [2]
10/10 15/20 15/25	2/10	10/13 11/3 15/20	18/14 19/5
abeled [1] 16/13	MOSES [3] 1/13 2/8	15/24 16/23 16/25	<pre>process [2] 7/3</pre>
large [2] 2/19   13/12	8/3	17/7	14/9
latest [1] 14/6	MOSS [1] 1/10 most [3] 5/10 8/25	output [1] 14/22 over [3] 10/16	<pre>promised [1] 2/16 prosecutions [2]</pre>
LAW [2] 1/4 2/4	9/6	14/23 14/25	13/23 15/10
least [5] 7/4 9/11	move [2] 8/11 18/10		<pre>public [7] 5/8 9/14</pre>
11/1 14/7 16/19  less [2] 9/2 16/14	Mr. [3] 7/1 7/22	overstated [2] 10/19 14/8	10/16 12/16 13/3 15/7 15/9
level [1] 13/25	8/3 Mr. Jolly [2] 7/1		publicly [2] 5/9
<b>life</b> [6] 3/3 3/7	l 7/22	Р	15/17
6/4 6/13 11/7 11/11	Mr. Moses [1] 8/3	paradigmatic [1]	pulling [1] 4/16
light [1] 14/25 limit [1] 17/16	Ms. [4] 3/20 4/13 6/18 17/20	8/21   <b>part [3]</b>   10/9 11/13	<b>purposés [4]</b> 3/10 3/10 15/11 17/15
limitations [1]	Ms. Gonzalez-Horowitz		put [5] 8/21 11/2
19/9	3/20 4/13 6/18	parte [1] 8/4	11/20 15/19 18/1
link [1] 9/1	17/20	particular [1] 5/20	Q
LIONS [1] 14/22 Lipton [1] 1/14	much [6] 5/8 6/18 6/22 6/23 7/18	party [1] 15/17 path [1] 15/4	quite [2] 10/11
litigation [4]	14/25	pending [1] 7/10	12/8
10/12 10/18 11/14	N	<b>people [5]</b> 5/2 6/5	R
15/17  look [13] 3/1 3/22		6/6 6/7 9/12	
look [13] 3/1 3/22 4/8 4/13 5/4 5/12	narrow [1]	percent [1] 9/8 period [2] 9/11	race [1] 5/1 RANDOLPH [1] 1/10
6/18 6/23 8/8 9/10	5/11 6/18 6/22 6/23	14/7	RANDOLPH [1] 1/10 really [3] 7/19
10/24 11/18 18/11	11/4 12/20 16/22	person [5] 3/16	15/20 16/16
looked [1] 14/5	needs [1] 11/3	6/10 6/10 8/18	reargue [1] 12/4
looking [1] 3/8 looks [1] 10/21	new [4] 1/3 1/15 2/3 14/6	15/24   <b>personal [2]</b> 3/15	reason [4] 2/21 3/9 15/3 17/14
<b>lot [7]</b> 8/4 9/22	next [2] 7/21 9/2	3/15	reasoning [3] 2/25
10/12 12/6 12/6	<b>non [1]</b> 6/15	<b>persuaded [1]</b> 9/21	5/17 8/14
18/1 18/2	non-segregationist [:	<b>]ETA [1]</b> 9/12   <b>pick [2]</b> 12/1 12/5	recognize [1] 18/3
М	6/15   <b>NOTE [1]</b> 19/7	pick [2] 12/1 12/5  place [1] 11/2	recognized [1] 18/4  recognizing [1]
maiming [1] 10/4	noted [1] 18/1	plaintiff [1] 2/5	18/8

reconsideration - woman 23

			- / /
R	section [2] 2/22	13/6	5/23 8/10
reconsideration [2]	17/2   <b>seeing [2]</b> 8/20 9/6	suggestion [1]   13/10	type [2] 3/5 6/15
6/19 7/9	seek [2] 6/19 7/9	suggestions [1]	U
reconstruction [1]	segregationist [1]	13/9	U.S [3] 1/7 1/23
5/24	6/15	suggests [1] 14/2	2/11
record [2] 2/6 5/9	self [1] 8/25	supporting [1] 8/23	U.S.C [2] 2/22 17/2
reemergence [1]	self-evident [1]		ultimately [2]
5/25  regard [2] 6/8 12/3	8/25   <b>send [1]</b> 7/23	supremacist [1]   9/13	14/16 16/23   <b>under [4]</b> 11/2 11/4
regarding [1] 17/25	senseless [1] 6/10	sure [6] 4/2 4/20	17/15 18/6
regardless [1] 13/2	several [1] 17/24	6/24 14/18 17/4	understood [1] 7/12
related [4] 12/10	<b>shared</b> [1] 17/23	17/5	uniquely [2] 9/25
12/21 16/24 17/1	showing [1] 12/6	l⊤	10/8
relating [1] 5/4	shown [1] 10/18	talking [2] 5/20	UNITED [5] 1/1 1/11
relationships [1]	side [1]   15/15   sides [2]   15/6 16/3	11/5	2/4 10/1 13/24   <b>universe [1]</b> 14/1
remotely [2] 19/5	significant [2]	technically [1]	UNIVERSITY [2] 1/3
19/9	12/19 12/22	8/16	2/3
reported [1] 19/5	simply [1] 14/21	technological [1]	unless [1] 5/15
Reporter [3] 1/22	slightly [1] 7/3	19/9	up [8] 3/23 4/16
1/23 19/3  reporting [6] 10/16	somebody's [1] 11/8	template [3] 10/23 11/1 11/5	4/18 5/5 8/21 11/14 12/1 12/5
14/21 14/23 14/25	Someone [2] 8/19   8/21	tend [1] 4/10	USAO [1] 1/17
15/9 19/9	someone's [1] 16/1	tentatively [1]	use [2] 4/24 10/3
representations [2]	Sometimes $[1]$ 3/17	16/21	used [1] 15/11
14/5 14/6	sorry [2] 4/12 7/13	terms [3] 9/5 9/24	uses [2] 9/9 12/12
represents [1]	sort [3] 11/15	13/21	using [2] 11/5
12/13  reputation [2] 10/6	11/15 13/5	terrorism [46] terrorism-related [3]	13/19
16/1	sorts [1] 13/9  specific [1] 5/4	12/21 16/24 17/1	<b> V</b>
require [1] 6/25	specifics [1] 5/20	terrorist [4] 8/23	various [1] 9/23
research [1] 8/25	spending [1] 9/11	10/2 10/7 16/13	<b>vast [1]</b> 9/7
resolution [1] 7/10	spoke [1] 9/19	terrorize [2] 4/25	vastly [1] 10/19
resources [3] 16/8	squabb]es [1] 3/15	5/2	Vaughn [10] 2/15
16/16 18/2  respect [8] 2/18	squarely [1] 17/4	therefore [2] 9/14 19/8	4/5 4/12 5/15 7/8 7/17 9/2 12/9 13/1
6/16 6/19 7/17 10/3	stained [1]	though [3] 3/18	17/14
10/15 10/17 15/10	starting [1] 2/5	13/11 14/13	versions [1] 5/24
respond [1] 17/12	starts [1] 16/14	thought [6] 5/23	<b>VIDEO [1]</b> 1/10
returns [1] 14/3	<b>state</b> [1] 13/25	8/12 8/22 8/25 9/16	videoconference [1]
revealed [2] 14/10	statements [1]	15/18	19/8   <b>view [2]</b>
16/21  review [4] 13/10	17/25  STATES [5] 1/1 1/11	thoughtful [1]	Vinay [1] 2/13
13/14 13/16 16/20	2/4 10/1 13/24	+baab+£]maaa [2]	
reviewed [1] 16/21	STATUS [1] 1/10	11/25 17/23	W
reviews [1] 9/2	<b>statute</b> [2] 9/9	thoughts [1] 12/2	Wachtell [1] 1/14
right [4] 5/5 5/17	11/6	threat [2] 15/21	wants [1] 13/21
7/22 12/23  rights [1] 4/24	statutes [1] 8/24	16/12 threats [2] 3/2 3/7	<b>Washington [3]</b> 1/6 1/18 1/25
Room [1] 1/24	statutory [2] 2/21   18/6	times [1] 5/18	way [5] 3/4 3/24
Rosen [1] 1/14	stay [1] 7/10	today [2] 17/20	11/20 16/17 17/13
ruling [5] 5/14	still [2] 4/8 13/11	17/24	ways [1] 16/1
6/16 6/20 7/10 7/10		towards [1] 6/9	weapons [1] 10/4
S	strange [1] 8/23	transcript [2] 1/10	week [1] //23  weighty [5] 15/5
same [1] 10/2	Street [2] 1/14 1/17	19/4 transparency [1]	15/12 15/14 16/2
<b> sample [1]</b> 2/15	strike [1] 16/9	12/20	17/25
<b> sampling [1]</b> 14/3	strikes [2] 6/11	treated [1] 11/19	welcome [1] 2/14
saying [3] 4/12	10/14	true [3] 11/7 12/17	West [1] 1/14
10/7 12/16	student [1] 16/12		white [4] 5/2 6/6
scale [3] 9/23 15/15 16/3	stupid [1] 15/20	try [3] 11/2 11/15	6/9 9/13  withheld [1] 13/14
	subject [1] 19/8  submissions [1]	16/8   <b>trying [3]</b> 5/1	withholding [1]
scare [1] 3/5	18/11	16/18 18/5	13/17
school [4] 1/4 2/3	submitted [2] 4/16	turn [1] 16/25	within [4] 2/21
15/21 16/12	5/9	<b>turned Γ3</b>   15/20	6/11 7/21 17/1
science [1] 15/1	<b>suggest [3]</b> 12/25	16/23 17/7	without [3] 5/8
second [2] 7/14	14/9 14/10	turns [1] 8/21	5/19 5/21   <b>woman [1]</b> 6/9
7/14	suggested [2] 12/11	two [4] 3/18 5/23	Woman [1] 0/9

word - YORK 24

W		
word [1] 9/9 words [2] 6/5 6/14 work [1] 16/9 working [1] 13/19 wrestling [2] 11/14		
ork [1] 16/9		
restling [2] 11/14		
/		
vard [1] 11/8		
/ard [1] 11/8 /ear [2] 13/24 15/21 /ears [1] 10/16 /ORK [3] 1/3 1/15 2/3		
vears [1] 10/16		
'ORK [3] 1/3 1/15 2/3		
-, -		